EFFECT OF YOGA ON BLOOD SUGAR FEMALE PATIENTS IN SOUTH 24 PARGANAS DISTRICT

INTRODUCTION:- The word 'yoga' is derived from the roots of Sanskrit 'Yuj' which means to join, to attach, to bind, yoke and a concentrate or one attention. Practice of Yoga would directly contribute to human resource development and improvement in the quality of life by developing their fitness (Physical, mental, emotional as well as spiritual). PURPOSE :- purpose of the study was to find out the effect of Yogasana on blood sugar female patients in south 24 Parganas district.

MATERIALS & METHODS:-To achieve the purpose, total sixty (60) female blood sugar patients of south 24 Parganas district age ranging between 40-50 years were randomly selected for the study. The subjects were given the six (6) weeks yoga training in the south 24 Parganas district yoga centre. The training schedule was fixed in the morning session as well as in the afternoon session minimum time duration 45-60 minutes per session with various types of yogasanas including slow warming up, warming up and resting time between and set of the exercises. A pre-test mean score was taken on all the selected blood sugar female patients and the scores were recorded. Similarly, after six weeks of yoga training a post-test data was taken and scores were recorded. The training was given based on the prepared schedule for six (6) weeks with the direct supervision of the scholar. The Independent Paired-’t’ test was conducted for evaluate the data and the level of significance is fixed at 0.05 level of confidence.

RESULTS & DISCUSSION:-The data was analyzed statistically by computing mean, standard deviation and’t’ test. It was observed that the pre-test mean score of the blood sugar female patients were 320.50 which are significantly changed in post-test that is 145.20. It is also evident that the calculated value of the variable is more than the table value at 0.05 level of significant. So the result is significant. The hypothesis is accepted since there was a significant improvement in blood sugar level of the female patients due to 6 weeks of yoga training.

CONCLUSION:- On the basis of the obtained result, the following conclusion may be drawn…..

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The Post-test mean score of the blood sugar female patients was better than the Pre-test mean score. So, the blood sugar level came down to normal due to six weeks of yoga training and the result was significant.

KEYWORDS

Yogasana, Physical fitness variables, school going students.

INTRODUCTION:-

The word “YOGA” at once reminds us the knowledge of the self. It emphasizes on “Know the Self”. It is nothing but the improvement of the body and mind. It is the means of attaining healthy body, mental strength, tranquilleness of the mind. It is the methodical effort to attain perfection through the controlling of body and mind. “A healthy mind resides in a healthy body”. Human beings always want sound body either taking medicine or practicing yoga. The question arises which of these is more important. Medicine is no doubt for human being as it cures any diseases in no time and relieves human beings from pain for the time being but it has its side effects. Medicine affects the organs like heart, lungs, brain and blood vessels and thereby creates another problem. In nutshell, medicine is the mother of other diseases in human body. Man is a rational being. He thinks pros and cons. He took “yoga” as alternative medicine as it has many advantages.

The literal meaning of the word ‘Yoga’ is ‘yoke’. It means for uniting the individual spirit with the Universal spirit or God. Yoga means the experience of oneness or unity with inner being. It is a science by which individual approaches truth. Yoga is not religion it is a method by which one obtain Control of one's latent powers. It is the means to reach complete Self-Realization. Yoga is a reduction of one's mental process, along with the physical.

Yoga has been a spiritual discipline which focuses on bringing harmony between mind and body. It is an art and science of healthy living. The holistic approach of yoga is well established as it brings harmony in all walks of life and thus, known for disease prevention, health promotion and management of many lifestyle-related disorders. This is done through the practice of Asana, Pranayama, Mudra, Bandha, Shatkarma and Meditation. According to the great sage Patanjali, the withdrawal of sense organs from their worldly objects is yoga.

BLOOD SUGAR:-

Blood sugar is the third most common chronic illness in most of the developing and developed nations and one of the leading causes of death. An estimated 11 million people in the United States were diagnosed with diabetes in the year 2000 (Boyle et al., 2000), and approximately 90% of those individuals were diagnosed with Type 2 diabetes. It has been estimated that this figure will increase by 165% to 29 million by the year 2050, reflecting a 7.2% prevalence rate. Such an increase is hypothesized to be the result of changes in demographic composition of the population, population growth, and increasing prevalence rates (Boyle et al., 2001). In modern medical practice a clear depiction of etiology and cure are not given. Many method of diabetes management are elaborated. At the same time holistic therapists claim that diabetes is a curable disease. In the context of its dubious etiology and inconclusive cure method the present study aims at elaborate investigation on the efficacy of certain cure methods.

Personal and public health consequences associated with blood sugar (type 2 diabetes) are profound. For example, individuals with diabetes experience a greater number of health complication and are at higher risk for depression than are their medically well counterparts (Anderson, Freeland, Clouse, & Lustman, 2001). On a more global scale, the economic impact of diabetes is staggering; in 1997, the direct and indirect costs associated with diabetes in the United States were an estimated $98 billion (Ray, Thamer, Gardner, & Chan, 1998). Thus, the increasing prevalence of diabetes in the United States represents a critical public health problem with respect to health care use and resources.

CAUSES OF BLOOD SUGAR

Blood sugar can be caused by viral or bacterial damage to the pancreas and the insulin producing cells and may result from an autoimmune dysfunction. It also has a substantial hereditary component, but other factors which are unknown must be implicated in the onset of diabetes such as dietary factors. Stress is one of the causative factors in diabetes. It is often observed that stressful state aggravates diabetes.

THE ROLE OF INSULIN:-

Mechanism of insulin releases in normal pancreatic beta cells (i.e., glucose dependence). Insulin production does not depend on blood
glucose levels; insulin is stored pending release. Since insulin is the principal hormone that regulates uptake of glucose into cells (primarily muscle and fat cells) from the blood, deficiency of insulin or its action plays a central role in all forms of diabetes.

Most of the carbohydrates in food are rapidly converted to glucose, the principal sugar in blood. Insulin is produced by beta cells in the pancreas in response to rising levels of glucose in the blood, as occurs after a meal. Insulin makes it possible for most body tissues to remove glucose from the blood for use as fuel, for conversion to other needed molecules, or for storage. Insulin is also the principal control signal for conversion of glucose (the basic sugar unit) to glycogen for storage in liver and muscle cells. Lowered insulin levels result in the reverse conversion of glycogen to glucose when glucose levels fall — though only in the liver not muscle tissue. Higher insulin levels increase many anabolic (building up) processes such as cell growth, cellular protein synthesis, and fat storage. Insulin is the principal signal in converting many of the bidirectional processes of metabolism from a catabolic to an anabolic direction.

But a man can get solution through yogasana. It helps the man to gain resistance power and normalize blood circulation. It also helps cleaning of blood veins and pumping of purified blood.

All over the world scientists have extensively studied Yoga and claimed that it increases longevity C Maruge et al. 2000; Mc Calfrey et al. 2005; Nagarathen and Nagendra 2003 and patel 1975). It has therapeutic and rehabilitative effects (Raubetal 2003. Schindf et al. 1998 and Selvam urthyal 1999.

**PURPOSE OF THE STUDY:-**
Purpose of the study was to find out the effect of Yoga on blood sugar female patients in south 24 Parganas district, West Bengal.

**HYPOTHESIS:-**
It is hypothesized that Yoga helps to control the Blood Sugar significantly of female Patients in South 24 Parganas District, West Bengal.

**METHODOLOGY:-**
Selection of subjects:-Total sixty (60) subjects were selected randomly from the different areas of South 24 Parganas District, West Bengal, and age ranging between 40 to 50 years. They were given the special yoga training for six weeks in the South 24 Parganas District yoga centre, West Bengal. After six weeks, sixty (60) subjects will be selected on the basis of performance. The selection of the subjects was made by the two expert coaches who would give the training to the subjects. The data was collected before and after the yoga training.

Procedure:- A pre-test was taken on all the selected blood sugar female patients and the scores were recorded. Similarly, after six weeks of yoga training a post-test data was taken and scores were recorded. The training was given based on the prepared schedule for six (6) weeks with the direct supervision of the scholar. The training schedule was prepared with the consultation with the coaches who were engaged by the university administrators. These two coaches will be assessing the patients twice times i.e before the training is imparted and after the training is over.

Experimental Design:- Random group design was followed for this study and the subjects were randomly selected. Six (6) weeks of yoga training were applied on the subjects. The data was collected before and after the training.

Statistical Techniques:- Pearson’s product moment correlation has been used for establishing the reliability of the data collected. To find out the significant difference between pre-test and post-test of each data the Mean, SD and t-ratio will be calculated. The level of significant will be set at 0.05.

**RESULTS AND DISCUSSION:-**
The result of the study is discussed under the following table with the graphical presentation. Table shows that the significant difference between pre-test and post-test mean scores of blood sugar female patients.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SL. NO.</th>
<th>Variables</th>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Mean</th>
<th>SD</th>
<th>N</th>
<th>t- Ratio</th>
<th>Sig.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Blood sugar Level</td>
<td>Pre - test</td>
<td>320.50</td>
<td>40.24</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>17.08</td>
<td>0.05*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Post - test</td>
<td>145.20</td>
<td>38.18</td>
<td>60</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| TABLE Significant Difference between Pre-test and Post-test mean score on blood sugar level of female patients after six weeks:- |

Graph Showing the Significance Difference between Pre-test and Post-test

**Mean score on blood sugar level of female patients after six weeks:-**

Cure Of Diseases Through Yogic Exercise/asana:-

Yogasan has been practiced for thousands of years for keeping the human body free from various types of diseases. The common beneficial effects of yogasan on various diseases are given below……

**DISCUSSIONS:-**
It was observed from the above table that the pre-test mean scores of blood sugar female patients was 320.50 which is are slightly changed in post-test that is 145.20. It is also evident from the above table that the calculated value of the variable is more than the table value at 0.05 level of significant. So the result is significant. The hypothesis is accepted since there was a significant improvement in blood sugar level due to 6 weeks of yoga training. Yoga involves and includes eight paths (i.e. Astanga yoga – yama, niyama, asana, pranayama, pratyahara, dharana, dhyana and Samadhi.). The astanga yoga is based on the idealistic approach, a real road to attain good consciousness, self confidence and self-concept. Meditation helps the individual to overcome these emotions to facilitate a calm, peaceful mind and healthy and stress free body. It promotes relaxation, develops self-control, self confidence, positive attitude and social ability and reduces stress as well as anxiety. Excessive stress and anxiety hamper the total fitness. So, stress is one of the causative factors in diabetes. It is often observed that stressful state aggravate diabetes.

An estimated 11 million people in the United States were diagnosed with diabetes in the year 2000 (Boyle et al., 2000), and approximately 90% of those individuals were diagnosed with Type 2 diabetes. Yoga will help them to cope and emerge stronger and more physically, mentally and emotionally fit. Finally, it is clearly seen that the blood sugar level came down to normal level due to six weeks of yoga training. Hence, the researcher was motivated to take up the present study.

**CONCLUSION:-**
Many research studies have been done on the various types of training programmes. It is proved that six weeks (6) yoga training programmes...
have a significant role on blood sugar female patients in South 24 Parganas District, West Bengal.

On the basis of the results obtained from the present empirical investigation and within the limitation, the following conclusions may be drawn.

The Post-test mean score of the blood sugar female patients were better than the Pre-test mean score. So, the blood sugar level came down to normal due to six weeks of yoga training and the result was significant.

REFERENCES: